

City: Richmond Hill, GA

Key

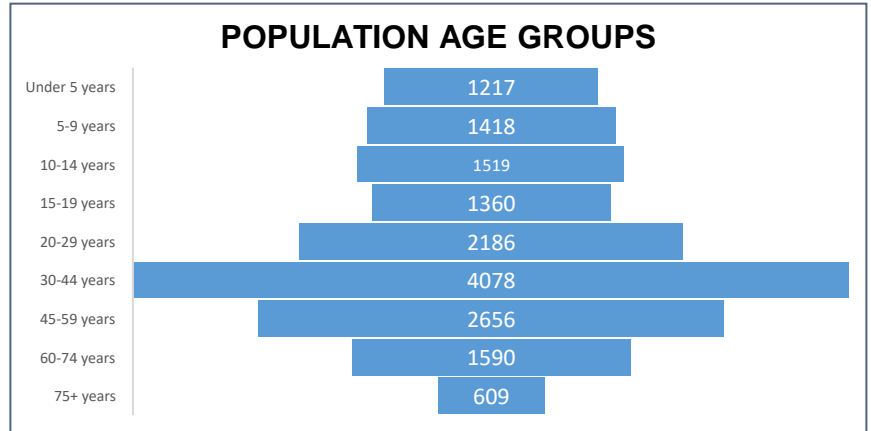
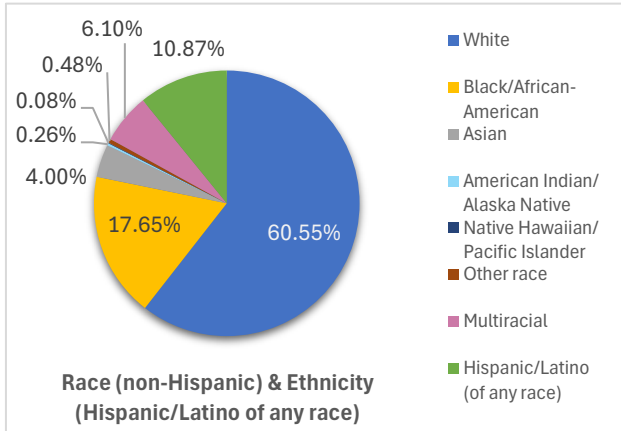
Blue ↑ = City performed better than state between 2018 – 2022

Yellow → = City performed the same as state between 2018 – 2022

Red ↓ = City performed worse than state between 2018 – 2022

Data from 2018-2022 5-year estimates (unless otherwise stated)

Total Population (2020 Census): 16,633



| | City Comparison (multi-year estimates) | | | City to State Comparison | |
|--|--|--------------------|----|--------------------------|----|
| | Richmond Hill 2021 | Richmond Hill 2022 | | Georgia 2022 | |
| Demographics | | | | | |
| Lived Experience | | | | | |
| Rurality | 6.4% | | NA | 25.9% | NA |
| % Veterans (2018-2022) | 16.0% | 14.9% | NA | 7.5% | NA |
| % with any Disability (2021) | 27.5% | | NA | 29.0% | NA |
| Language Proficiency (Speak a language other than English) (2018-2022) | 15.8% | 13.5% | NA | 14.5% | NA |
| Social Drivers of Health | | | | | |
| Educational Access & Quality (2018-2022) | | | | | |
| % 3–4-year-old children in school | 66.6% | 60.2% | ↓ | 47.7% | ↑ |
| % with HS Diploma (Overall) | 93.3% | 93.8% | → | 88.7% | ↑ |
| % with College Degree (both sexes) | 37.1% | 35.6% | → | 33.6% | ↑ |
| Economic Circumstances (2018-2022) | | | | | |
| Median Household Income | \$ 77,878 | \$ 83,519 | ↑ | \$64,527 | ↑ |
| People in poverty (% below poverty level, all ages) | 10.5% | 8.4% | ↑ | 13.5% | ↑ |
| Children in poverty (% under 5 below poverty level) | 10.7% | 4.9% | ↑ | 20.3% | ↑ |
| Elderly people in poverty (% 65 and older below poverty level) | 0.3% | 0.2% | ↑ | 10.3% | ↑ |
| Social & Community Context | | | | | |
| Multigenerational households (2020) | 4.04% | | NA | 5.55% | NA |
| Children in single-parent households (2018-2022) | 24.92% | 28.32% | ↓ | 33.54% | ↑ |
| Health Care Access & Quality | | | | | |
| Uninsured (all ages) | 9.8% | 8.4% | ↑ | 12.9% | ↑ |
| Uninsured (% population 19-64) | 13.5% | 12.3% | ↑ | 18.1% | ↑ |
| Uninsured (% population under 6) | 4.5% | 6.4% | ↓ | 5.7% | ↓ |

*Created by Beonca Brown, last updated July 31, 2024

*Data Sources include: U.S. Census Bureau (including Decennial Census and American Community Survey), BRFSS, and CDC Places,


| | City Comparisons | | | City to State | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|----|---------------|---|
| | Richmond Hill 2021 | Richmond Hill 2022 | | Georgia 2022 | |
| Social Drivers of Health (cont.) | | | | | |
| Neighborhood & Built Environment (2018-2022) | | | | | |
| Lack of Computer accessibility in household | 7.6% | 7.7% | → | 5.9% | ↓ |
| Lack of Internet accessibility in household | 9.9% | 10.8% | ↓ | 12.1% | ↑ |
| No Household Motor vehicle access | 4.50% | 4.60% | → | 6.00% | ↑ |
| Food Assistance Recipients (Food Stamps/SNAP) (2017-2021) | 9.1% | 9.1% | → | 12.2% | ↑ |
| Vacant housing units (2017-2021) | 6.8% | 8.3% | ↓ | 10.8% | ↑ |
| Household has at least 1 of 4 severe Housing Problems (cost-burdened, overcrowded, lacking kitchen, and/or lacking plumbing) (2016-2020) | 17.07% | 14.63% | ↑ | 15.24% | → |
| % mortgaged homeowners with monthly housing > 30% of monthly income | 16.03% | 16.51% | → | 25.05% | ↑ |
| % renters with monthly housing > 30% of monthly income | 45.36% | 46.38% | → | 49.74% | ↑ |
| Health Influences | | | | | |
| Environmental Health | | | | | |
| % of EPA facilities with any significant Air, Water, or Conservation violations | 1.45% | | NA | 1.16% | ↑ |
| % of EPA facilities with any Air, Water, or Conservation violations in past 3 years | 6.52% | | NA | 6.96% | → |
| Mental Health | | | | | |
| Diagnosed Depressive disorder (2021) | 19.8% | 21.8% | ↓ | 17.3% | ↓ |
| % adults reporting frequent mental distress (>=14 days) (2021) | 15.4% | 15.9% | → | 15.1% | ↓ |
| Substance Abuse | | | | | |
| Excessive drinking (≥5 drinks [men] / ≥4 drinks [women] in 30-days) (2021) | 15.8% | 16.2% | → | 15.1% | ↓ |
| Smoking (% adults 18+) (2021) | 15.9% | 14.2% | ↑ | 15.6% | ↑ |
| Health Outcomes | | | | | |
| Chronic Diseases (% adults 18+) (2021) | | | | | |
| Arthritis | 22.8% | 24.1% | ↓ | 23.0% | → |
| Asthma | 9.4% | 9.9% | ↓ | 9.6% | → |
| Cancer (all types) | 6.0% | 6.3% | ↓ | 6.7% | ↑ |
| Chronic Kidney Disease | 2.7% | 2.8% | → | 3.9% | ↑ |
| Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) | 5.7% | 5.6% | → | 6.2% | ↑ |
| Diabetes (excluding gestational diabetes) | 9.6% | 9.8% | → | 11.3% | ↑ |
| Coronary Artery Disease | 5.5% | 4.9% | ↑ | 3.5% | ↓ |
| Stroke (Cerebrovascular disease) | 2.6% | 2.7% | → | 3.4% | ↑ |
| Chronic Disease Risk Factors | | | | | |
| High Cholesterol (2021) | 28.6% | 33.7% | ↓ | 33.2% | → |
| Hypertension (High Blood Pressure) (2021) | 32.0% | 34.0% | ↓ | 34.3% | → |
| Obesity (BMI 30+) (2021) | 35.1% | 34.4% | → | 33.8% | → |
| Physical inactivity (Lack of leisure-time physical activity) (2021) | 22.7% | 21.9% | → | 22.9% | → |
| Adult Insufficient sleep (< 7 hours per night, % adults 18+) | 34.4% | | NA | 38.2% | ↑ |
| c | | | | | |
| Annual Checkup (2021) | 74.8% | 77.2% | → | 75.2% | → |
| Annual Dentist/Dental Clinic Visit (2020) | 64.4% | | NA | 60.5% | ↑ |
| Colorectal cancer screening (ages 50–75) (2021) | 70.9% | | NA | 71% | → |
| Mammogram (Breast cancer screening) within past 2 years (ages 50–74) (2020) | 73.5% | | NA | 78% | ↓ |


Richmond Hill, GA: Supplement Sheet


















Data from 5-year estimates
(unless otherwise stated)

Key

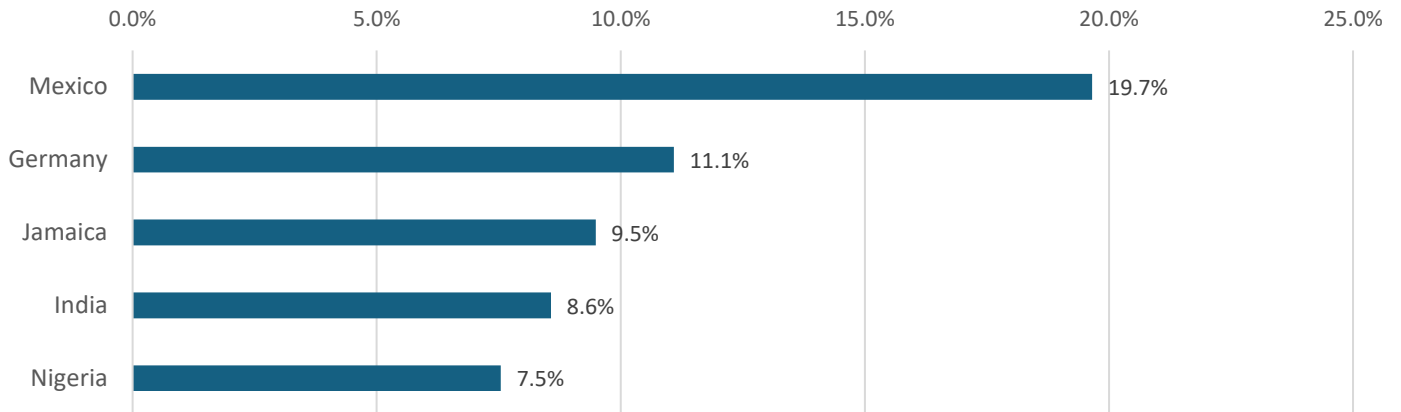
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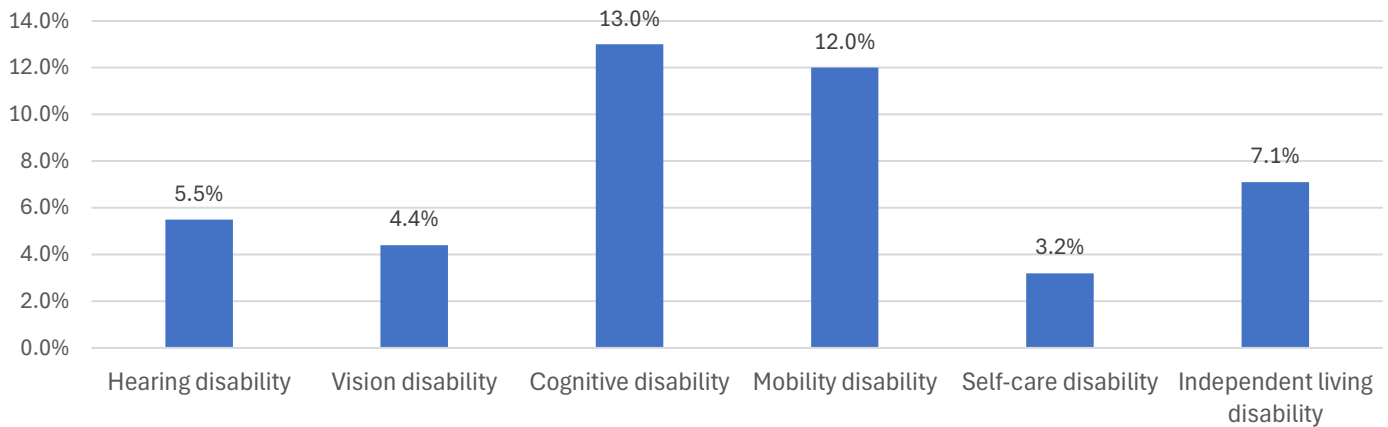
Red  = County performed worse than state between 2018 – 2022

| | County Comparison (5-year estimates) | | | County to State Comparison | |
|--|---|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| | Richmond Hill 2021 | Richmond Hill 2022 | | Georgia 2022 | |
| Demographics | | | | | |
| Median Age | 31.0 | 32.2 | NA | 37.2 | NA |
| Disabilities | | | | | |
| Veterans with Disabilities | 29.0% | 28.4% | NA | 29.1% | NA |
| Hearing Disability (% adults 18+) | 5.5% | | NA | 5.5% | NA |
| Vision Disability (% adults 18+) | 4.4% | | NA | 5.40% | NA |
| Cognitive Disability (% adults 18+) | 13.0% | | NA | 13.10% | NA |
| Mobility Disability (% adults 18+) | 12.0% | | NA | 14.30% | NA |
| Self-care Disability (% adults 18+) | 3.2% | | NA | 3.90% | NA |
| Independent Living Disability (% adults 18+) | 7.1% | | NA | 7.60% | NA |
| Language | | | | | |
| Speaks Spanish | 68.1% | 62.7% | NA | 55.5% | NA |
| Speaks other Indo-European languages | 25.8% | 28.6% | NA | 18.6% | NA |
| Speaks Asian and Pacific Island languages | 2.6% | 5.5% | NA | 17.9% | NA |
| Speaks other languages | 3.5% | 3.2% | NA | 8.0% | NA |
| Social Determinants of Health | | | | | |
| Educational Access & Quality | | | | | |
| Chronic Absenteeism (missing 10% or more days of enrollment) (2022-2023) | 16.0% | 16.2% |  | 22.9% |  |
| Graduation Rate (4-year) | 93.8% | 93.1% |  | 84.4% |  |
| College & Career Readiness | 71.4% | | NA | 52.9% |  |
| Economic Circumstances | | | | | |
| Adults in poverty (% 18-64 below poverty level) | 10.5% | 8.4% |  | 12.6% |  |
| Neighborhood Assessment | | | | | |
| Single-family homes | 82.2% | 81.5% |  | 72.4% |  |
| Multi-family homes | 16.4% | 17.7% |  | 20.1% |  |
| Mobile homes and all other types of units | 1.4% | 0.8% |  | 7.5% |  |
| % Homeowners | 59.0% | 62.2% |  | 64.5% |  |
| % Renters | 41.0% | 37.8% |  | 35.5% |  |
| Health Care Access & Quality | | | | | |
| % with Public insurance | 21.4% | 24.1% | NA | 31.8% | NA |
| Medicare | 7.6% | 7.4% | NA | 16.2% | NA |
| Medicaid | 11.7% | 13.4% | NA | 17.7% | NA |
| VA Health Insurance | 4.0% | 5.4% | NA | 2.5% | NA |
| % with Private insurance | 79.9% | 81.0% | NA | 66.1% | NA |
| Employer-based health insurance | 50.3% | 54.5% | NA | 53.9% | NA |
| Direct-purchase health insurance (health insurance marketplace) | 6.2% | 7.5% | NA | 48.6% | NA |
| Tricare/military health insurance | 27.7% | 27.3% | NA | 61.6% | NA |

Place of Birth for the Foreign-Born Population (2022)



% of reported disabilities within population (2021)



Language Spoken at Home (2022)

